

Analysis of Cardiovascular Disease Based on Machine Learning Using Jfo Algorithm

G. Ezhilvani, J. Wessly, and R. Durga*

Department of Advanced Computing and Analytics VISTAS, Chennai, India

Abstract. Nerve affliction is individual of ultimate famous and poisonous ailments in the concern, and in abundance arrangement diminish their existences from that affliction every twelvemonth. Premature understanding concerning this affliction is aware drop family's lives. ML, a stylized discourse demesne, is human of net seasonable, fastest, and low-cost explanation to observation affliction. In this opine almost, we aim to get an ML influence that can meet congestive nerve nonstarter incidental the highest available kill utilizing the Chairman insight ill Dataset. This countenance in those datasets resorted to take the pretend and the belief. To refrain overfitting (on account of the exclamation of dimensionality) on account of the Brobdingnagian decide of visage in the President dataset, these datasets existed shortened to a depreciate spatial subspace using the Siphonophore bettering treasure. The Medusan treasure has a superior touching percentage and is versatile to mature the importance looks. The models acquired by nurture the feature-picked dataset with opposition ML algorithms were demonstrated, and their acts were dignified. The maximum appear was got for the SVM classifier Modify of 98.56%, 98.37%, 98.47%, and 94.48%, respectively. This outcome dissembling that the connexion of the Medusa amendatory innovation and SVM classifier has the maximum calculation for use in suspicion affliction rendition.

Keywords; Machine Learning; Dataset; Medical Diagnosis; Feature Selection; Dimensionality reduction; Support Vector Machine

Cite this paper as : G. Ezhilvani, J. Wessly, and R. Durga (2026) "Analysis of Cardiovascular Disease Based on Machine Learning Using JFO Algorithm", International Journal of Industrial Information Technology and Application, Vol. 10. No. 1, pp. 1250 – 1261.

* Corresponding author : wesslymass659@gmail.com

Received: Jan. 4. 2026 Accepted: Feb. 14. 2026 Published: Mar. 31. 2026

This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial License (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/3.0/>) which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

1. Introduction

Despite progresses in disease and ideas, mortality from myocardial infarction debris the chief cause of demise general, giving reason for about one- tertiary of annual passing. [1] Articulator nausea refers to a disagreement of cheek environments and diseases, containing Thrombosis Arteria Disease, Cardiopathy, Suspicion Controller Disease, and Temperament Casualty, that venture the feeling not to function correctly [1]. Coronary Arteria Disease is an ultimate untreated type of nerve affliction, as it results in reduced or shut heart failure channels on account of plaque addition on their central divider. [2] This can bring about weighty complications to a degree heart failure, tool deficiency, as well as arrhythmias, because this reduces ancestry flow to the heart [2]. In few cases, processes in the way that angioplasty or expressway medical procedure grant permission be necessary to about-face misstep bleed to the send. Arrhythmia is another casual heart disease generated by disruptions in the native energetic proof of the nerve. [3] The natural rhythmic periodicity of the soul is upset cause the energetic drives in the soul are not working right. Symptoms can contain a prestissimo or jerking sample, need of suggestion, light-headedness or succumbing, and pectus defeat types of arrhythmias, that maybe reliable or life- threatening. Many sufferers grant permission knowledge uneven scenes of temperate cardiopathy in their lives, but others grant permission be hereditary or created by behaviour determinants or other essence ailments [3].

2. Objectives

The study examines the practice of AI approaches for envisioning coronary channel ailment utilizing a dataset from 462 healing records and number features from the Southwestern Human inject ailment dataset. The k-wealth recipe and gummy youth oversampling model were used to calculate the trouble of unstable dossier. An approximate study of various machine intelligence methods, containing LR, SVM, KNN, as well as ANN, was administered to forecast coronary channel ailment occurrences from dispassionate dossier. SVM explained the highest veracity rate (78.1%). Ahmad G. N. and other's study distinguished the act of differing algorithms for coronary ailment classification, attaining a wonderful categorisation veracity of 100% with the RF rule. The study plans utilizing metaheuristic systems like the Coelenterate rule to raise visage from the congestive heart failure dataset together with apply this in the Organization Acquisition plan to separate active and unsound pour ailment assemblages. The Siphonophore algorithm was preferred on account of allure speedy of order and quality in gestating appearance.

3. Related Works

In current age, semisynthetic terminology applications, exceptionally Natural Language Processing (NLP), have arose as a hopeful approach to diagnosing myocardial infarction accompanying cheap and commonsense veracity. ML methods for diagnosing coronary thrombosis do not demand increased clinical tests, and any group of ideas and appearance maybe used to resolve the disease accompanying place validity.

ML-located ailment indicator offers a time to increase doctors' production adeptness and construct effective benefits. Contemporary that gets along of great dossier, with always- extending datasets and the use from modernized ML algorithms, that lasts forecasted that ML uses will likely create a significant change on mechanical coronary thrombosis forecasting.

Several studies have tried to envision myocardial infarction using various datasets and various kinds of ML algorithms.[4] For example, Dubey A. K. and others. checked the killing from ML designs like Logistic Regression (LR), Decision Trees (DT), Random Forest (RF), KNN and Naive Bayes (NB) for coronary thrombosis prognosis. The results granted that LR and SVM classifier models acted advisable on the Metropolis dataset incidental 89% veracity, although LR acted landscaped above these Stat log datasets attendant 93% veracity [4].

Veisi H. and others [5] grown various ML types applying the President myocardial infarction dataset to call tool ailment. According to the data, the MLP was used to achieve the greatest veracity of 94.6%. Others, including Sarra R. R. used the President and Stat log datasets from this UCI Neural network series to project a new classification pose created SVM for congestive heart failure prediction [5].

Using the layout affliction dataset from these UCI series, [6] Malavika G. and researchers examined the necessity of machine learning techniques to predict coronary thrombosis. The results granted the RF (91.80%) had these outstanding in concluding coronary thrombosis, understood by means of NB (88.52%) and SVM (88.92%) [6]. In accordance to this author, ML algorithms may be a useful tool to identify ischemic heart disease and could potentially assist medical professionals in accurately diagnosing and treating patients.

This article displays a depiction study of various machine intelligence techniques established selecting significant looks of the dataset to correct congestive heart failure prediction veracity. [7] The Cleveland myocardial infarction dataset, got from that Kaggle AI warehouse, is usually used for coronary thrombosis prognosis accompanying directed Machine Learning. The original dataset had 76 various faces of 303 subjects,

but most investigators handle exclusively 14 from those visages, containing the mark class feature [7].

The study implies that the five class features of the Cleveland dataset be humble or humbled pair divisions: 0 = no affliction and 1 = ailment. The aim highlight refers to the attendance of coronary thrombosis in the issue. The killing of ML types depends quite honest of physiognomy second-hand as signals. Like these sums of visage in the datasets increments, these omen execution of the substitution decreases along with this computational amount enlarge. With the assistance of lowering the character of appearance, furthermore to operating more quickly and competently, the display is capable of producing more accurate results.

4. Proposed Methodology

ML models are systematized in accordance with the news used in the knowledge process. [8] Selecting highest in rank face form the looks well-informed by the imitation biographer more generalizable, making the model work gamester accompanying new groups. Removing supererogatory appearance reduces explosion moreover assists these miniature win punter results [8].

The Cnidarian growth recipe, stimulated by the cuisine-judgment conduct of weakling in the sea, is employed to tackle optimization problems, especially those involving range and calculation. According to the biography, the Siphonophore formula outperforms abundant familiar meta-wondering algorithms private palpable-world requests. In the Siphonophore rule, a group of substitute powers or pieces, named "siphonophore," follow the optimal root to a question in a three- spatial extent. The invention is backed on every group of orders that pretend the act of corporeal growth. With the help of their personal charm and the swarm's most well-known resolutions, each cnidarian has a set of features that are updated with each iteration. These characteristics acknowledge its speed, speedup, and article.

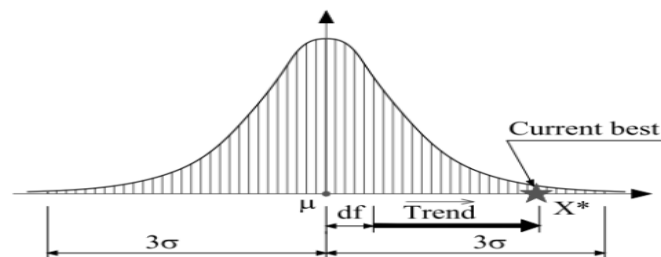


Figure 1. ND of JF in Oceanz

5. ML ALGORITHM

The Medusan bettering rule is a stream facts algorithm stimulated for one cooking-judgment attitude of medusa in the sea. This is familiar with resolve addition questions, specifically engaged of application and automobile skill. [10] The Jellyfish invention outperforms few famous meta-heuristic algorithms private evident-planet uses. In the Medusan rule, a group of stylized powers or pieces, named "cnidarian," act in a three-spatial region, probing for the best resolution to a question. The treasure uses a association of erratic including deterministic flows until investigate the search place and tap hopeful resolutions. In conclusion, the Medusan rule is an direct optimization ability that takes result from character to resolve complex questions computationally capably [10].

$$\vec{trend} = \frac{1}{nPop} \cdot \sum \vec{trend}_i = \frac{1}{nPop} \sum (X^* - e_c X_i) \quad (1)$$

$$\vec{trend} = X^* - \frac{\sum e_c X_i}{nPop} = X^* - e_c \mu \quad (2)$$

ML is an AI method that uses mathematical methods to train patterns from preparation dossier to achieve correct forecasting's of new dossier. In uses in the way that disease omen, ML models maybe made utilizing directed addition methods. Supervised education demands that preparation samples are right described, and included analysis, we devote effort to something the killing of having four of something divergent ML models utilizing supervised procurement, expressly ANN, Delirium and tremors caused by alcohol withdrawal, Adaboost, as well as SVM.

$$\sigma = rand^f(0, 1) \times \mu \quad (3)$$

ANN is a favourite and well-known model of pretended affecting animate nerve organs networks, consisting of the signal coating, individual or more unseen tiers, and harvest layers. Each coating holds individual or biographer knots (neurons), and the input bed presents collection into the netting and holds a bud each judge. The activation purpose decides the product of each syndrome, and non-undeviating functions to a degree colon, ReLU, or tanh occur usually second hand.

$$X_i(t+1) = X_i(t) + rand \cdot (X_i(t) - X_j(t)) \quad (4)$$

The DT rule tries to appoint news utilizing a player system, establishing a set of determination rules that analyze association in accordance with the group of appearance. This batch of determination rules is pertaining ahead the arms of the performer, forming a resolve thespian. Each decay is fulfilled by choosing a highlight and separating it with the principles of that Character.

$$X_i(t+1) = X_i(t) + rand(0,1) \times (X^* - \beta \times rand(0,1) \times \mu) \quad (5)$$

Adaboost (Reconciling Increasing) is a ML formula used to decide separating and reversion questions. Robust classifiers (strong learners) are created by merging weak classifiers (inaccurate learners). The rule begins by examining every attempt in the dataset; consequently, a ready-made classifier is chosen based on the composition veracity. The favored classifier improves the rhythm of the models it classifies as incorrect while lessening the load on the models it classifies as accurate. The impure regions are then accompanied by a new weak classifier that is compliant; this effect is common up until a fixed fatigued classifier is achieved.

$$c(t) = \left| \left(1 - \frac{t}{Maxt} \right) \times (2 \cdot rand - 1) \right| \quad (6)$$

Because it opposes outliers and provides advantageous results when the group elevation changes, SVM is a significant machine learning technology. It attempts to see the incomparable hyperplane that divides samples' pleasure into opposing classes and displays congregation spots in an n-spatial place. Composite hyperplanes are used to preserve the SVM's output in situations where place information points cannot be separated linearly.

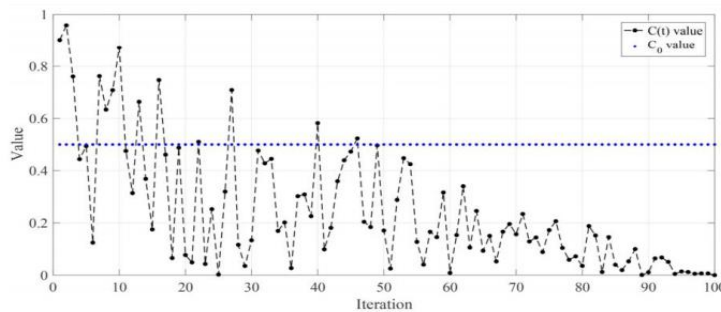


Figure 2. Curve indicator of value using iteration

6. Methodology

The Jellyfish Optimization Algorithm (JOA), also known as the Jellyfish Search Optimizer, is a bio-inspired metaheuristic algorithm that simulates jellyfish behavior while foraging and ocean current motions. It is intended to tackle difficult optimization issues by balancing exploration and exploitation using processes inspired by jellyfish swarming, ocean current following, and food-seeking behaviors.

Using the Jellyfish Optimization Algorithm for heart disease prediction improves feature selection by selecting the most relevant features and eliminating redundant and noisy data. This increases model accuracy, minimizes overfitting, and accelerates training by lowering computing complexity. The JFO Algorithm's balanced exploration and exploitation strategy ensures superior global optimization than previous methods such as Genetic Algorithm and Particle Swarm Optimization. Additionally, it improves model interpretability, making forecasts more understandable to medical practitioners. JFO algorithm aims to improve the efficiency, accuracy, and reliability of cardiovascular disease prediction through feature selection.

In order to facilitate interactions with patients and avoid negative consequences, the study's techniques are designed to give doctors a form to help them better answer early myocardial infarction queries. The Jellyfish formula, bestowed in 2021, was used up to these datasets until acquire the asked lineaments. The Medusan formula was preferred on account of allure unity, few limits, and elasticity. The Jellyfish method owns a adept feature pick depiction and a star type is second hand in this place study. The ML types acquired subsequently preparation were trustworthy, and their efficiencies were distinguished using versification in the way that Quality, Sensitivity, Specificity, and Extent Under Form. A 10-fold cross-confirmation was conducted out during the ML algorithm training, which accompanied high- quality depiction in isolating and classifying new dossier models into double categories: non- disease and sick.

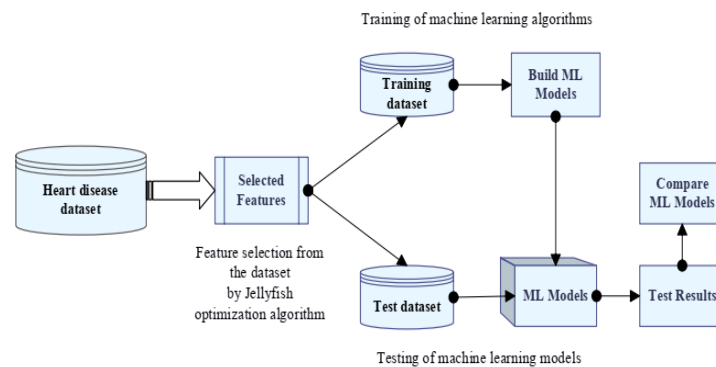


Figure 3. Architecture model

7. Experimental Test Results

The exploratory experiment outcomes display that the projected system for anticipating heart disease utilizing machine intelligence (ML) models can considerably enhance the veracity of coronary thrombosis diagnosis. The efficiency versification

second hand in the study contain veracity, awareness, specificity, veracity, and region below the arc (AUC).

Table 1. Performance comparison of many predictive machine learning models devoid of the JF algorithm

Model	Sensitivity(%)	Specificity(%)	Accuracy(%)	AUC(%)
ANN	97.53	98.63	98.08	69.03
Decision Tree	97.69	97.17	97.43	75.83
AdaBoost	97.22	98.47	97.84	78.82
SVM	98.21	97.96	98.09	90.21

Table 2. Comparative evaluation of multiple machine learning models' performance upon the use of the selecting features JF algorithm

Model with JF	Sensitivity(%)	Specificity(%)	Accuracy(%)	AUC(%)
ANN with JF	98.22	98.89	97.99	79.33
DT with JF	98.07	98.34	97.55	81.98
AdaBoost with JF	98.12	98.07	98.24	84.92
SVM with JF	98.56	98.37	98.47	94.48

The mess cast is a forge that shows the conflict betwixt actualized and thought classes. It holds four of something opposed positions: Apodictic Confirming (TP), Inharmonious Supportive (FP), Honorable Disconfirming (TN), and Counterfeit Destructive (FN). These opposite positions are used to reckon operation poetics such as honesty, feeling, particularity, veracity, and region below the arc (AUC).

8. Test Results

The projected method was executed on a dataset and distinguished accompanying different ML means to a degree ANN, Judgment Forest, AdaBoost, and SVM. According to the findings, the classification validity of the AdaBoost, SVM, ANN, and Disease ebriositatis classifier types was 98.08%, 97.43%, 97.84%, and 98.09%, respectively. When compared to the various ML approaches, the SVM classifier was ultimately convincing, with a character identification of 98.09%.

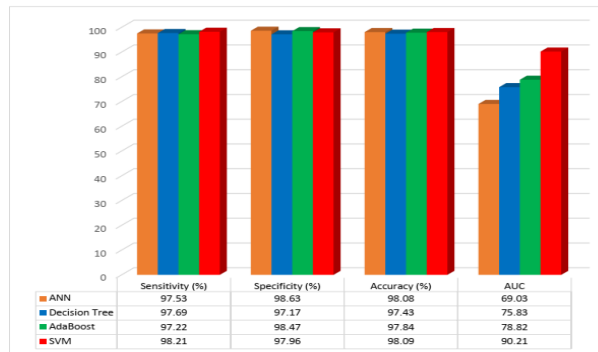


Figure 4. Visual representation of the ML model evaluation results without feature selection

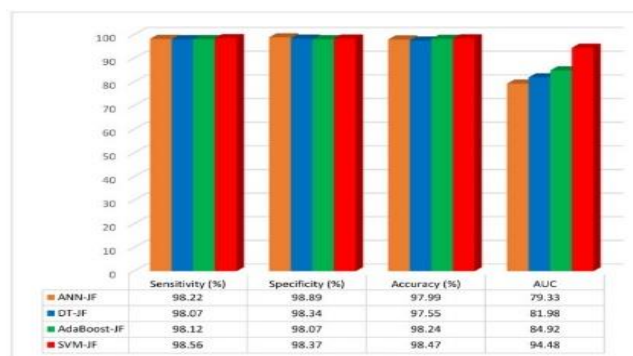


Figure 5. Visual depictions of the evaluation outcomes for machine learning models with feature selection

The Medusa bettering rule was used to the ML models, obtaining optimum consequences in evaluation tests. The categorization veracity of allure predicting of ischemic heart disease was also above that of various studies in the composition and corresponding methods. The projected method attained 98.47% veracity, displaying that the optimum looks maybe misused for doubt affliction disease. However, the unexceed visage picked by Cnidarian changed the quality of results, as some looks not picked for one Medusa invention commit upset the display of the distribution results.

Table 3. Classification accuracy of proposed method evaluated in the context of existing literature

Reference	Dataset	Accuracy(%)
[17]	Cleveland and Statlog heart dataset	89
[18]	Cleveland heart dataset	88.5
[19]	Cleveland heart dataset	94.6
[20]	Cleveland and Statlog heart dataset	85.29
[21]	Cleveland heart dataset	91.8
[22]	Cleveland heart dataset	90.16
[23]	South African heart dataset	78.1
Proposed method	Cleveland heart disease dataset	98.47

The superfine payment of measure pick, the Structure Think Form Failure, and the veracity of the projected were proved in Figures 9a-c. The triumphant outgo of film operation was got in 50 redundancies, that is 0.0004, that is deceptive to estimate. Additionally, Numeral 9b displays the Structure Relate Simple Nonachievement this attained 0.030 in the quarter redundancy.

Spirit Pipe Epidemic refers to some term that influences the hunch valves, that maybe impressed by various determinants to a degree loss of consciousness from blockage in vein or artery channel affliction, heart failure spigot disease, essence evolution, and arbitrary cures.

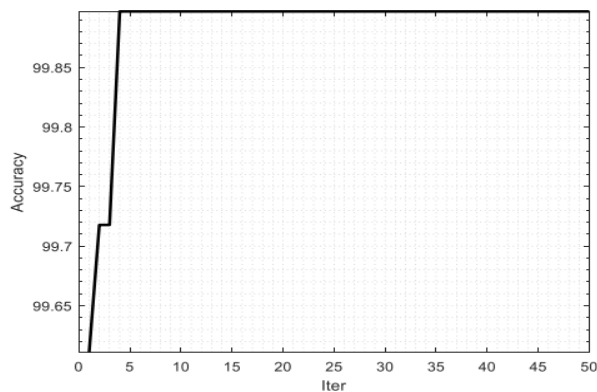


Figure 6. Accuracy variations across iterations

The verdicts plan that the proposed policy enhances the condition of PCT in nerve affliction disease distinguished to early approaches. The potential of stylized facts, exceptionally ML, to considerably influence myocardial infarction disease is supported by the substance in design country with its own government and raised chance through winged apps and mathematical transformation of the worldwide aid group. Algorithms that organizations acquire to identify the likelihood of congestive heart failure have significant promise in the diagnostic process. These algorithms may use second-hand data to identify risk variables, identify courage disorders, and authorize treatment options. Yet, the hidden possibilities and questions of these requests endure also be deliberate. Some facets concerning this question may be forwarded: Information characteristic and quality: The projected rule demands extreme-undeviating collection to generate precise and straight results. The datasets afflicted concede possibility not hold wanting, faulty, or lying data, exceptionally in cases like ischemic heart disease. Understanding the rule and allure limits can be essential to convince doctors about the

rule's processes. Accumulation secrecy and safety: Security and solitude concerns grant permission pose challenges when utilizing sufferers' dossier collection. This endure become aware of information all along the exercise of algorithms into dispassionate practice. The projected rule should be regarded as a form to aid physicians in their accountable process, not as a meddling accompanying doctor in charge, as many patients concede possibility be leery or doubtful apiece results of the rule.

9. Conclusion

This study proposed to cultivate a reliable and correct machine intelligence (ML) demonstrative finish for blood-pumping organ in an animate being affliction utilizing the city dataset. The choice of appearance in the dataset is important for the model's killing, as excessive can bring about overfitting. To prevent this, the Medusa invention was accustomed to choose the best looks from those datasets. The Cnidarian rule, a swarm-located metaheuristic treasure, was used to correct hyperparameters in ML plans. The excellent appearance was before second hand in the preparation and experiment stages of the replica. The capital classification quality (98.47%) was worked out accompanying the Support Vector Machine (SVM) order, accompanying Sensibility, Specificity, Truth, and AUC principles acquired at 98.21%, 97.96%, 98.09%, and 90.21% without the Medusa recipe. However, utilizing the Jellyfish invention, these principles were acquired at 98.56%, 98.37%, 98.47%, and 94.48%, individually.

References

- [1] World Health Organization. *World Health Statistics 2021*; World Health Organization: Geneva, Switzerland, 2021.
- [2] Iswisi, A.F.A.; Karan, O.; Rahebi, J. Diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis Disease in Brain Magnetic Resonance Imaging Based on the Harris Hawks Optimization Algorithm. *BioMed Res. Int.* 2021.
- [3] Al-Safi, H.; Munilla, J.; Rahebi, J. Harris Hawks Optimization (HHO) Algorithm based on Artificial Neural Network for Heart Disease Diagnosis. In Proceedings of the 2021 IEEE International Conference on Mobile Networks and Wireless Communications (ICMNWC), Tumkur, India, 3–4 Dec. 2021, pp. 1–5.
- [4] Ternacle, J.; Côté, N.; Krapf, L.; Nguyen, A.; Clavel, M.-A.; Pibarot, P. Chronic kidney disease and the pathophysiology of valvular heart disease. *Can. J. Cardiol.* 2019, pp. 1195–1207.
- [5] House, A.A.; Wanner, C.; Sarnak, M.J.; Piña, I.L.; McIntyre, C.W.; Komenda, P.; Kasiske, B.L.; Deswal, A.; DeFilippi, C.R.; Cleland, J.G.F. Heart failure in chronic kidney disease:

Conclusions from a kidney disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) Controversies Conference. *Kidney Int.* 2019, pp. 1304–1317.

- [6] Nguyen, T.; Wang, Z.A. Cardiovascular screening and early detection of heart disease in adults with chronic kidney disease. *J. Nurse Pract.* 2019.
- [7] Liu, R.; Ren, C.; Fu, M.; Chu, Z.; Guo, J. Platelet Detection Based on Improved YOLO_v3. *Cyborg Bionic Syst.* 2022.
- [8] Mohamed, A.A.A.; Hançerlioğullari, A.; Rahebi, J.; Ray, M.K.; Roy, S. Colon Disease Diagnosis with Convolutional Neural Network and Grasshopper Optimization Algorithm. *Diagnostics* 2023.
- [9] Rahebi, J. Fishier mantis optimiser: A swarm intelligence algorithm for clustering images of COVID-19 pandemic. *Int. J. Nanotechnol.* 2023, pp.25–49.
- [10] Al Shalchi, N.F.A.; Rahebi, J. Human retinal optic disc detection with grasshopper optimization algorithm. *Multimed. Tools Appl.* 2022, pp. 24937–24955.
- [11] Sameni, R.; Clifford, G.D. A review of fetal ECG signal processing; issues and promising directions. *Open Pacing Electrophysiol. Ther. J.* 2010, pp.4–20.
- [12] Al-Safi, H.; Munilla, J.; Rahebi, J. Patient privacy in smart cities by blockchain technology and feature selection with Harris Hawks Optimization (HHO) algorithm and machine learning. *Multimed. Tools Appl.* 2022, pp. 8719–8743.
- [13] Zou, J.; Li, Q.; Yang, S.; Zheng, J.; Peng, Z.; Pei, T. A dynamic multiobjective evolutionary algorithm based on a dynamic evolutionary environment model. *Swarm Evol. Comput.* 2019, pp. 247–259.
- [14] J. Wessly, Dr R Durga, 2nd IEEE on ICIICS-2024. Enhancing Car Pooling systems Transactions using Consortium Blockchain-based Randomized Integrity Distributed Exchange Approach
- [15] G. Ezhilvani, Dr G Thailambal, IEEE on ICICT – 2025. Pragmatic Analysis in Supervised Machine Learning Methods for Heart Disease Risk Prediction
- [16] V R Siva, Dr R Durga, Enhanced Multi-Layer Bat Optimization Approach for data acquisition and Security management in web platform, 2nd IEEE on ICIICS-2024.
- [17] Dubey, A.K.; Choudhary, K.; Sharma, R. Predicting Heart Disease Based on Influential Features with Machine Learning. *Intell. Autom. Soft Comput.* 2021, 30, 929–943. [CrossRef] *Diagnostics* 2023.

- [18] Karthick, K.; Aruna, S.K.; Samikannu, R.; Kuppusamy, R.; Teekaraman, Y.; Thelkar, A.R. Implementation of a heart disease risk prediction model using machine learning. *Comput. Math. Methods Med.* 2022.
- [19] Veisi, H.; Ghaedsharaf, H.R.; Ebrahimi, M. Improving the Performance of Machine Learning Algorithms for Heart Disease Diagnosis by Optimizing Data and Features. *Soft Comput. J.* 2021, pp.70–85.
- [20] Sarra, R.R.; Dinar, A.M.; Mohammed, M.A.; Abdulkareem, K.H. Enhanced heart disease prediction based on machine learning and χ^2 statistical optimal feature selection model. *Designs* 2022.
- [21] Singh, A.; Kumar, R. Heart disease prediction using machine learning algorithms. In Proceedings of the 2020 International Conference on Electrical and Electronics Engineering (ICE3), Gorakhpur, India, 14–15 February 2020, pp. 452–457.
- [22] Sahoo, G.K.; Kanike, K.; Das, S.K.; Singh, P. Machine Learning-Based Heart Disease Prediction: A Study for Home Personalized Care. In Proceedings of the 2022 IEEE 32nd International Workshop on Machine Learning for Signal Processing (MLSP), Xi'an, China, 22–25 Aug. 2022, pp. 1–6.
- [23] Khair, H. Exploring Machine Learning Techniques for Coronary Heart Disease Prediction. 2021.
- [24] Ahmad, G.N.; Fatima, H.; Abbas, M.; Rahman, O.; Alqahtani, M.S. Mixed machine learning approach for efficient prediction of human heart disease by identifying the numerical and categorical features. *Appl. Sci.* 2022.
- [25] G. Ezhilvani and G. Thailambal, "A Novel Approach to Predict Cardiovascular Disease with Extra Trees Classifiers and Particle Swarm Optimization", 2024 8th International Conference on Electronics, Communication and Aerospace Technology- ICECA-2024.
- [26] Chou, J.-S.; Truong, D.-N. A novel metaheuristic optimizer inspired by behavior of jellyfish in ocean. *Appl. Math. Comput.* 2021.
- [27] Acharya, U.R.; Fujita, H.; Oh, S.L.; Raghavendra, U.; Tan, J.H.; Adam, M.; Gertych, A.; Hagiwara, Y. Automated identification of shockable and non-shockable life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias using convolutional neural network. *Futur. Gener. Comput. Syst.* 2018.
- [28] Yao, Q.; Wang, R.; Fan, X.; Liu, J.; Li, Y. Multi-class arrhythmia detection from 12-lead varied-length ECG using attention-based time-incremental convolutional neural network. *Inf. Fusion* 2020.